

**Exercise sheet 6****Hartle 9.7**

Two particles falls radially in from infinity towards a point mass  $M$ . One starts with  $e = 1$ , the other with  $e = 2$ . A stationary observer at  $r = 6M$  measures their speed when they pass by. How much faster is the second particle?

**Hartle 9-11.**

A small perturbation of an unstable circular orbit will grow (initially) exponentially with time. Show that a displacement  $\delta$  will grow initially as  $\delta r \propto \exp(\tau/\tau_*)$ , where  $\tau$  is the proper time along the trajectory. Evaluate  $\tau_*$  and explain its behavior for  $r_{\max} \rightarrow 6M$ .

**Hartle 9-5 and 9.5.**

The different path length for light-rays lensed by  $\vartheta_+$  and  $\vartheta_-$  lead to a geometric time-delay. Estimate this delay for  $D_L = D_{LS} = D_S/2$  (result  $\Delta D \sim 2\beta\vartheta_E D_S$ ) and compare it with the Shapiro time delay.