

ved anfang

$$mV = MV_0$$

$$Q = \frac{1}{2} mV^2 + \frac{1}{2} MV_0^2 \} \Rightarrow V_0 = \sqrt{\frac{2mQ}{M(M+m)}}$$

$$MgH_0 = \frac{1}{2} MV_0^2 = \frac{mQ}{M+m} \Rightarrow$$

$$H_0 = \frac{mQ}{M(M+m)g}$$

b) Fort: ist. b. für anfang

$$\frac{1}{2}(m+M)V_1^2 = (m+M)gl \quad V_1 = \sqrt{2gl}$$

geben anfang

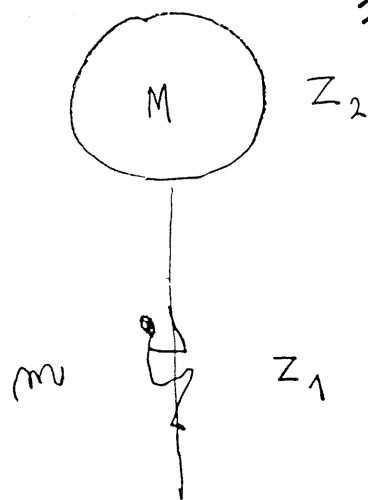
$$V_2 = V_1 + V_0$$

$$Mg(h+H) = \frac{1}{2} MV_2^2$$

$$H = \frac{V_2^2}{2g} - h = \frac{1}{2g}(V_0 + V_1)^2 - h$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{V_0^2}{2g}}_{H_0} + \underbrace{\frac{V_1^2}{2g}}_{h} + \frac{V_0 V_1}{g} - h$$

$$H = H_0 + 2\sqrt{H_0 h}$$



9.2 Ingen netto ytre kraft
(oppdrift = tyngdekraft)
Masse-sentret mann/ballon
må forbli i ro.

$$\Sigma = \frac{m Z_1 + M Z_2}{m + M}$$

$$V_Z = \frac{m V_{1z} + M V_{2z}}{m + M} =$$

$$m V_{1z} + M V_{2z} = 0$$

Gitt: Mannens hast. i forhold
til ballongen.

$$V = V_{1z} - V_{2z} \quad (2)$$

Eliminerer V_{1z} :

$$m (V + V_{2z}) + M V_{2z} = 0$$

$$V_{2z} = - \frac{m}{m + M} V < 0$$

Ballongen beveger seg nedover,
Når mannen slutter å beatare blir
 $V = 0$ og følgelig $V_{2z} = 0$
Ballongen stopper.

9.3

$$\gamma = \frac{m v}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}} \quad (\text{Linear law})$$

$$F = \frac{d\gamma}{dt} = m \frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{v}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{mv}{1 - v^2/c^2} \left[\frac{dv}{dt} \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{2 \frac{v}{c^2} \frac{dv}{dt} v}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{(m)}{(1 - v^2/c^2)^{3/2}} \left[1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2} + \frac{v^2}{c^2} \right] \frac{dv}{dt}$$

$$F = \frac{m}{(1 - v^2/c^2)^{3/2}} a$$

$$m_{\text{eff}} = \frac{m}{(1 - v^2/c^2)^{3/2}}$$