Study of Strongly correlated Kane-Mele-Hubbard Model by Schwinger Boson Formalism Supervisor: Dr. Alireza Quaiumzadeh

Jesper Lind-Olsen

Norges Teknisk-Naturvitenskapelige Universitet Insitutt for Fysikk Center for Quantum Spintronics

Thursday 1st December, 2022

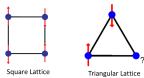


・ ロ ト ・ 酉 ト ・ 匡 ト ・ 匡 ト



Background and Theory

- Model known to support the quantum spin liquid phase
- Interesting from a theoretical point of view and for applications
- Ground state exhibits gapped excitations and topological order
- Topological phases —> within quantum computing and quantum information
- Methods: Bosonization of a spin Hamiltonian and Scwhinger boson mean field theory



Unfrustrated

Frustrated

$$\hat{\mathcal{H}} \sim \sum_{ij} \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{S}_j \
ightarrow \sum_{ij} \sum_{lpha eta \gamma \kappa} \hat{b}^{\dagger}_{ilpha} \hat{b}_{ieta} (\sigma_{lphaeta} \cdot \sigma_{\gamma\kappa}) \hat{b}^{\dagger}_{j\gamma} \hat{b}_{j\kappa}$$

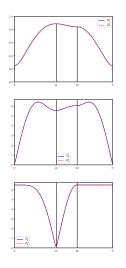
(日)

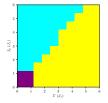




My project - preliminary results

- Extension of work done by Fosstveit
- Focus on learning mathematical methods → results will hopefully follow in the masters thesis





э

(日)



Summary and Outlook

- The model I considered proved it self too difficult for the time constraints
- For the master thesis Try to solve this problem
- End goal: Predict measurable transport properties in the QSL phase
- Due to the topological nature, transport such as spin-Hall and thermal Hall are non-trivial in a QSL
- Use these to distinguish between QSL and magnetic phases



