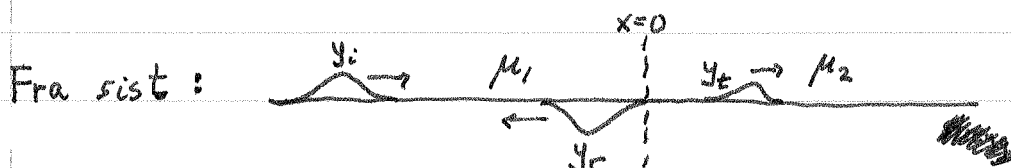
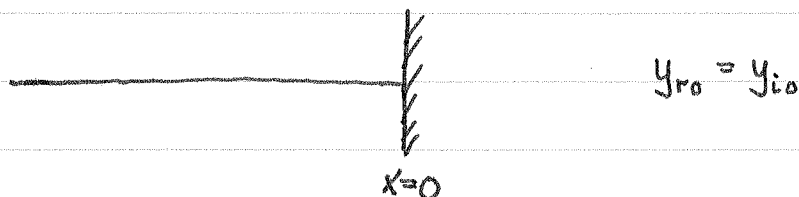


Stående bølger (LL 10.3, TM 16)



Streng fast i vegg i $x=0$ (tilsv. $\mu_2 \rightarrow \infty$):



$$\Rightarrow y_i(x,t) = y_{i0} \sin(kx - \omega t)$$

$$y_r(x,t) = y_{i0} \sin(kx + \omega t)$$

$$\Rightarrow y(x,t) = y_i(x,t) + y_r(x,t)$$

$$= y_{i0} [\sin(kx - \omega t) + \sin(kx + \omega t)]$$

~~$$= y_{i0} [\sin(kx - \omega t) + \sin(kx + \omega t)]$$~~

$$= y_{i0} \left[\begin{aligned} &\sin kx \cos \omega t - \cos kx \sin \omega t \\ &+ \sin kx \cos \omega t + \cos kx \sin \omega t \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$= 2 y_{i0} \sin kx \cos \omega t$$

den harmoniske svingning ($\cos \omega t$) med x -afhængig amplitude ($2 y_{i0} \sin kx$), kaldes stående bølge:

